

Immigration and Nationality Act Section 208(b)(1)

Refugee/Asylum Seeker = Any person outside her country of origin who is unable or unwilling to return to her country of origin *and* is unable or unwilling to avail herself of the protection of that country *because of persecution on account of......* Refugee/Asylum seeker = Any person outside her country of origin who is unable or unwilling to return to her country of origin *and* is unable or unwilling to avail herself of the protection of that country *because of persecution on account of......*

- ► <u>Race</u>
- Religion
- Nationality
- political opinion
- or membership in a particular social group.

Courts have interpreted this to require:

Past persecution or well-founded fear of future persecution

• Experience must be severe enough to rise to the level of "persecution"

On account of

- Race
- Religion
- Nationality
- Political opinion
- Membership in a particular social group

Government unwilling or unable to protect

 Has historically included private actors like DV abusers and gangs

Particular Social Group (PSG) Requirements

Immutable = all members must share innate characteristics

Particular = group can't be too broad or diffuse; must have discrete boundaries



Socially Distinct = must be a group that is recognized as such by the applicant's home culture/society.

Evidentiary Issues

REAL ID Act: An adjudicator may grant asylum on testimony of the applicant alone but only where the testimony "is credible, is persuasive, and refers to specific facts sufficient to demonstrate that the applicant is a refugee.

Can anyone guess which protected category was argued in Soledad's case?

- ▶ <u>Race</u>
- Religion
- Nationality
- political opinion
- particular social group?

protected grounds that were argued in Soledad's case:

IMPUTED POLITICAL OPINION:

- Anti-gang imputed political opinion
- Anti-Sexual violence against females

PSG:

- girls/young women who take concrete action to oppose gang atrocities
- girls/young women formerly enslaved by gangs
- girls/young women who are viewed as gang property

Bars to Asylum

People barred from obtaining asylum are people who:

- have assisted in the persecution of others
- have committed certain crimes (agfel)
- are threats to U.S. safety or security
- are already "firmly resettled" in another country (granted some sort of status)
- have previously applied for and been denied asylum
- applied for asylum more than one year after entering the United States
- Terrorism Related Inadmissibility Grounds (TRIG) Bar (extremely broad, no duress exception)

► Etc....

Immigration Courts and Judges



- Lack of independence of immigration courts and judges
- Relationship to the Attorney General

https://trac.syr.edu/immigration/reports/judge2021/denialrates.html

Detention



Aug. 2015. Tucson facility; men sitting and lying on concrete floor and benches, wrapped in Mylar VTCC000016A sheets in crowded cell. (P.I. Ex. 185)

A federal judge in Tucson ruled that conditions in detention facilities operated by Customs and Border Protection violate immigrants' rights. Here, a security camera images inside a CBP short-term immigration detention facility in Tucson. Men being held by CBP are wrapped in Mylar blankets in a crowded cell. The photo was among those used in the federal lawsuit.



Legal Representation



Welcome to the Tucson Federal Building Managed and Operated by the Public Buildings Service, General Services Administration Building Operating Hours: 8:00am to 4:30pm Heightened Security is in Place For Your Added Safety Please Excuse the Inconvenient



No one should have to go to court alone

ABOUT THE INITIATIVE STORIES DONATE CONTACT

PIMA COUNTY JUSTICE FOR ALL is asking our community to support a 2022 ballot initiative that gives Pima County, Arizona residents who are facing detention or deportation access to a public defender.

»our mission and more about us



U.S. Asylum Law under the Trump Administration

That inevitable Monday morning immigration policy change be like...





Asylum-specific Trump reforms:

- Attorney General Certification Power:
 - Matter of A-B- tried to make it nearly impossible for women who are victims of persecution by private actors to claim asylum
 - Matter of L-E-A- severely limited Family-based PSGs (previously recognized by courts as a "quintessential" particular social group). Said that the applicant has to show that their particular family is well known and recognized in that society as a particular social group (like, say, the Kardashians).
 - These were both rescinded by current Attorney General Merrick Garland
- Asylum Ban: policy that attempted to ban asylum unless applied for at official POEs
- Transit Ban (July 2019): Required all persons who had traveled through a third country (Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras) to apply for asylum in those countries first

Countless others

Policies started during Trump era that have continued into Biden era

Remain in Mexico/"Migrant Protection Protocol"

► Title 42

What's next?

"everything worthwhile is done with others" (Mariame Kaba)

"care is the antidote to violence" (Saidiya Hartman)

